# Post-Doc Training V: Algebras on words (A significant part of Schützenberger intellectual and operational inheritage)

### 1. Algebras on words

### **Exercice 1 : Exchangeable series and polynoms.**

Let *k* be a ring and  $\mathcal{X}$  an alphabet, as usual we have  $k\langle \mathcal{X} \rangle$ , the algebra of noncommutative polynomials (over the noncommutative variables  $\mathcal{X}$  and with coefficients in *k*) and  $k\langle \langle \mathcal{X} \rangle \rangle$ , the algebra of noncommutative series (idem). A series  $S \in A\langle \langle \mathcal{X} \rangle \rangle$  is called *syntactically exchangeable* if and only if it is constant on multi-homogeneous classes, *i.e.* 

$$(\forall u, v \in \mathcal{X}^*)([(\forall x \in \mathcal{X})(|u|_x = |v|_x)] \implies \langle S \mid u \rangle = \langle S \mid v \rangle).$$
(1)

The set of these series, a shuffle subalgebra of  $A\langle\langle \mathcal{X} \rangle\rangle$ , will be denoted  $A_{\text{exc}}^{\text{synt}}\langle\langle \mathcal{X} \rangle\rangle$ . a) Prove that a series  $S \in A\langle\langle \mathcal{X} \rangle\rangle$  is syntactically exchangeable iff it is of the form

$$S = \sum_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}^{(\mathcal{X})}, \text{supp}(\alpha) = \{x_1, \dots, x_k\}} s_{\alpha} x_1^{\alpha(x_1)} \sqcup \ldots \sqcup x_k^{\alpha(x_k)}.$$
 (2)

b) Prove that all series of the form

$$S = \sum_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}^{(\mathcal{X})}} c_{\alpha} \mathcal{X}^{\sqcup \sqcup \alpha}.$$
 (3)

is syntactically exchangeable. What is the correspondence between the coefficients  $s_{\alpha}$  and  $c_{\beta}$ ?

c) Deduce from (b) that, if A is a Q-algebra, every syntactically exchangeable series is of the form (3).

d) Give, in  $\mathbb{Z}\langle \mathcal{X} \rangle$ , polynomials which are syntactically exchangeable but cannot be put in the form (3).

#### **Exercice 2 : Exchangeable polynoms.**

a) Prove that if *A* is a Q-algebra, the shuffle subalgebra  $A_{\text{exc}}^{\text{synt}}\langle\langle \mathcal{X} \rangle\rangle \cap A\langle \mathcal{X} \rangle$  is exactly the shuffle subalgebra generated by  $\mathcal{X}$  (**Hint**. — Call  $\mathcal{A}$  shuffle subalgebra generated by  $\mathcal{X}$  and proceed by double inclusion).

b) What happens when *A* is not a Q-algebra ?

## 2. Cartier-Quillen-Milnor-Moore theorem.

### 2.1. Preliminaries on words

### **Exercice 3 : Dualizable and moderate series.**

a) Reprove Th2 in [4] (as much as possible in a CBT<sup>1</sup> mode). Let  $\mathcal{X}$  be a set<sup>2</sup>, we define *q*-infiltration (see [4] p8) co-product on the letters by

$$\Delta_{\uparrow q}(x) = x \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes x + q \, x \otimes x \tag{4}$$

and extend by bi-concatenation.

b) Show that, for q = 0,  $\Delta_{\uparrow_0} = \Delta_{\sqcup}$  and, for q = 1,  $\Delta_{\uparrow_1}$  is dual of the ordinary infiltration product (see [5, 9]).

c) Prove the beautiful combinatorial formula (5) in [8]

$$\Delta(w) = \sum_{I \cup J = [1..|w|]} q^{|I \cap J|} w[I] \otimes w[J] \quad (5) \text{ in MO}$$

#### By the way, some references here

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- [4] Van Chien Bui, Gérard H.E. Duchamp, Quoc Huan Ngô, Vincel Hoang Ngoc Minh and Christophe Tollu. — (*Pure*) *Transcendence Bases in φ-Deformed Shuffle Bialgebras* (22 pp.), 74 ème Séminaire Lotharingien de Combinatoire (published oct. 2018).
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- [6] Jean Dieudonné, Infinitesimal calculus, Houghton Mifflin (1971)
- [7] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Holomorphic\_functional\_calculus
- [8] T. Gowers. MO Question: Important formulas in combinatorics page 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Closed Book Training

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>An alphabet for Theoretical Computer Scientists

https://mathoverflow.net/questions/214927/

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